



Irish Natural Capital Accounting for Sustainable Environments





The University of Dublin

Natural Capital Accounting in Ireland: an introduction to NCI & INCASE

Waters of LIFE

Building Capacity to Drive Investment in our Environment

March 29th / 30th

Catherine Farrell LIFE on Machair, INCASE, NCI, CWF

Natural Capital Ireland



In a nutshell

- Established in 2014
- Not for profit company leading the conversation on natural capital in Ireland
- 1200+ website membership
- Cross-sector Steering Committee
- A policy working group
- A research team engaged across a number of projects at different scales











VISION

Our vision is for an Ireland in which natural capital and ecosystem goods and services are valued, protected and restored.



MISSION

Our mission is to value, protect and restore Ireland's natural capital and ecosystem services. We will do this by supporting the adoption of natural capital concepts in public policy and corporate strategy, promoting informed public and private sector decision-making, and assisting in the establishment of a national natural capital accounting standard. NCASE



Irish Natural Capital Accounting for Sustainable Environments





The University of Dublin

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OÉ Gaillimh NUI Galway

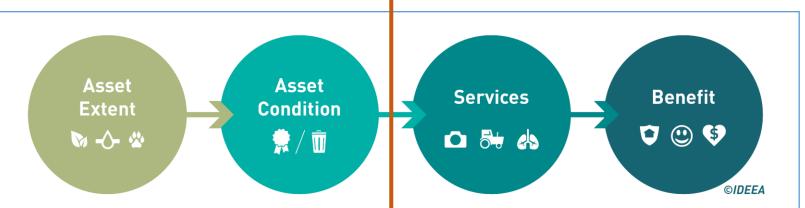
DUBLIN

Cathal O'Donoghue



System of Environmental Economic Accounting





No longer will we allow mindless environmental destruction to be considered as economic progress

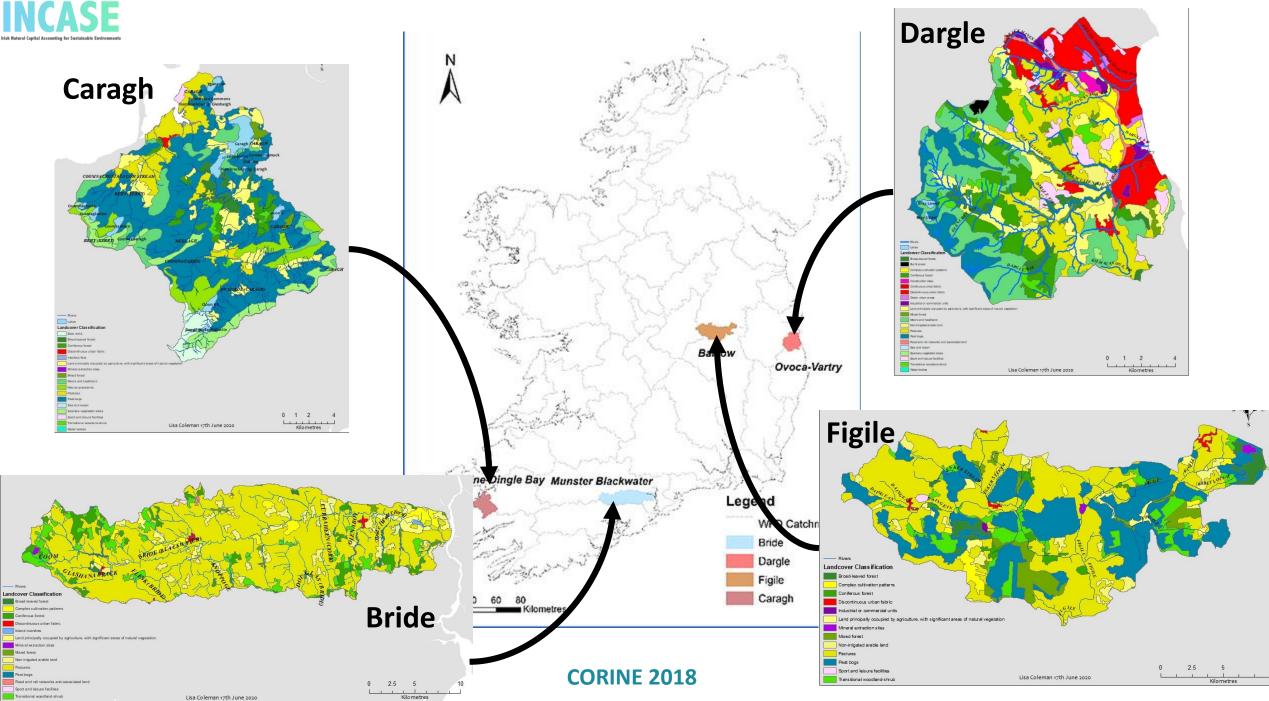
António Guterres, Secretary-General of the **United Nations**

Stocks: forests, wetlands, rivers, seagrass beds, reefs, subsoils, groundwater



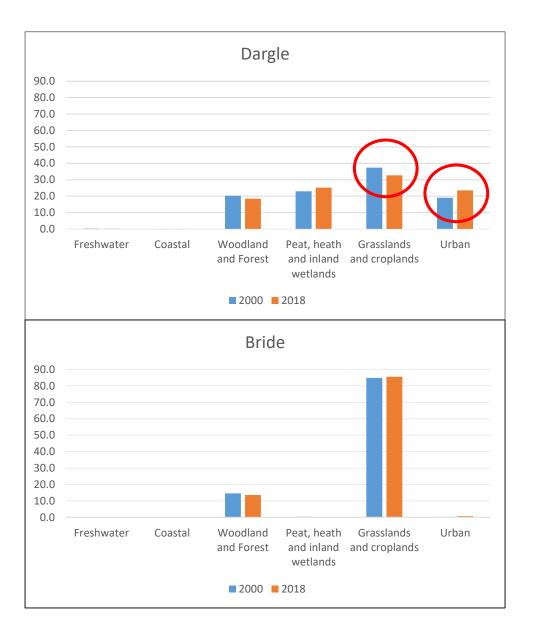
Flows:

timber, fish, carbon, water, habitat, recreation, amenity, aggregates, geo-forms



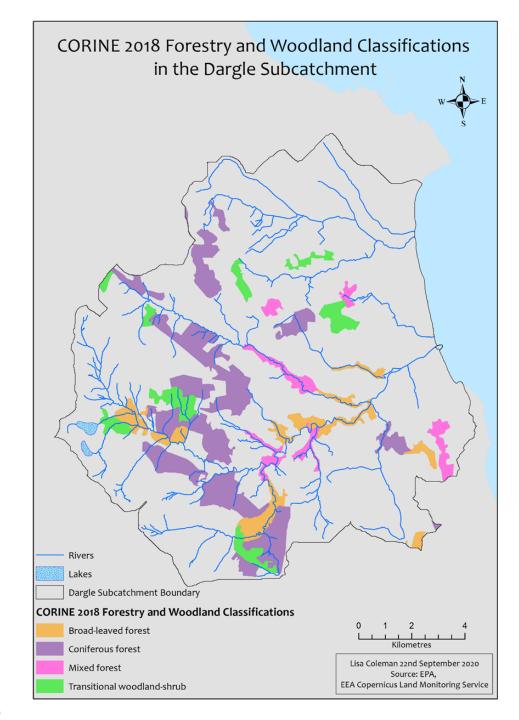
Transitional woodland-shrub

Extent (% cover): changes over time (2000 to 2018)

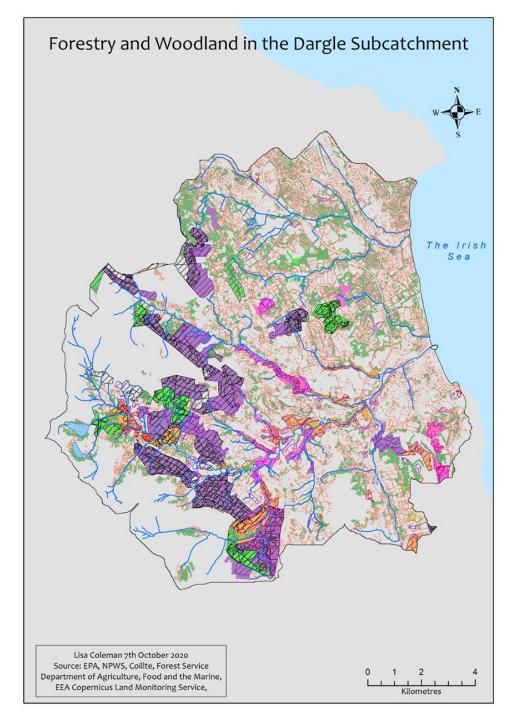




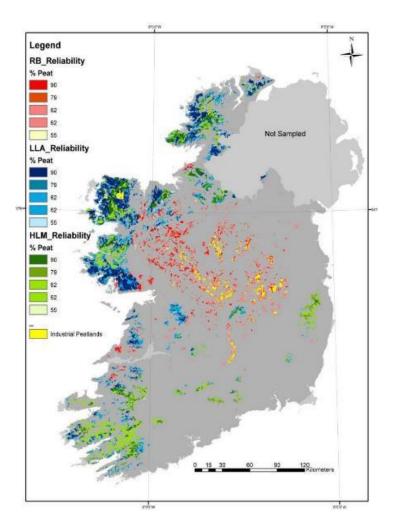




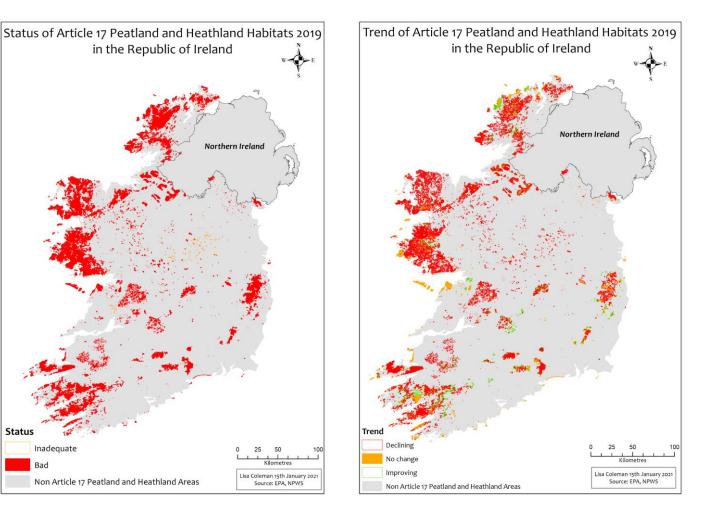
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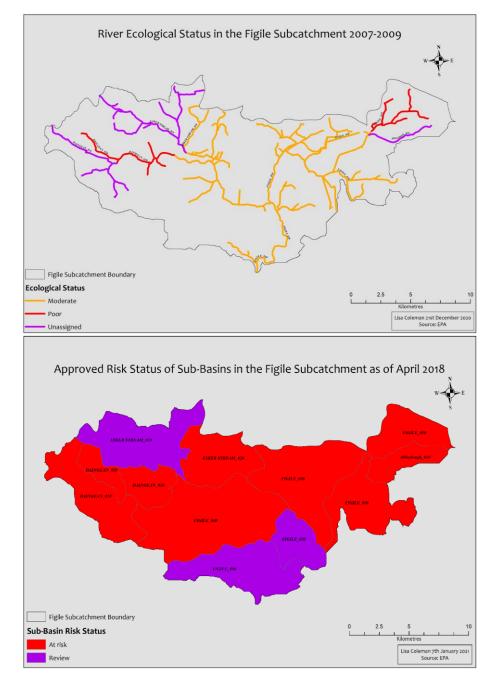
Condition challenges: What reference condition (when)? For ALL ecosystem types? What condition characteristics?

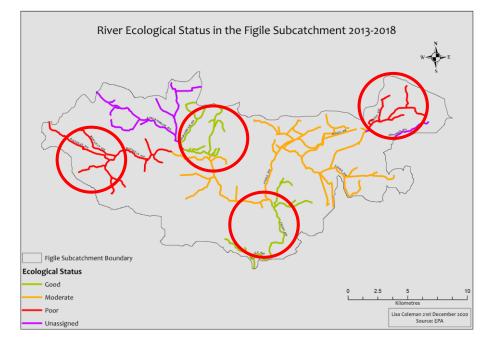


What about condition? consider peatlands...



Condition: changes in ecological status of rivers over time (2010 to 2018)

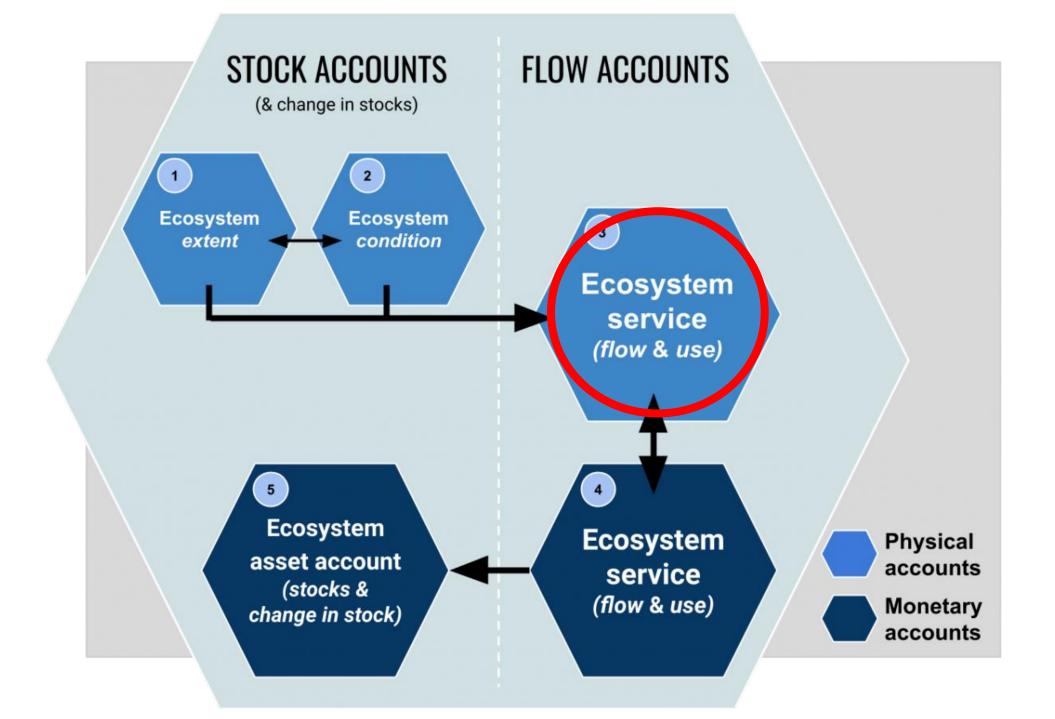




Extent and Condition: reliable, time series data Extent: landcover (is that good enough?) Condition: WFD (to sub basin) and Habitats Directive (national level)

'Condition: The missing link to sustainable use'



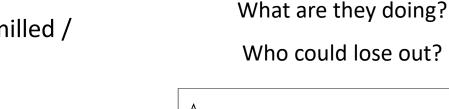


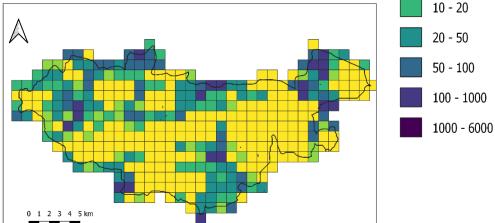
SERVICES AND BENEFITS

Relevant services (first attempts!)

- Provisioning:
 - Biotic: biomass (food, timber),
 - Abiotic: water (drinking), peat (turf / milled / sodmoss)
- Regulating
 - Water purification (*flood regulation no data*)
 - Climate
 - Habitat (nursery)?
- *Cultural*: recreation; ecosystem/ biodiversity appreciation

Figile





Population Density

(sq km)

0 - 5

5 - 10

Policy linkages / Policy relevance

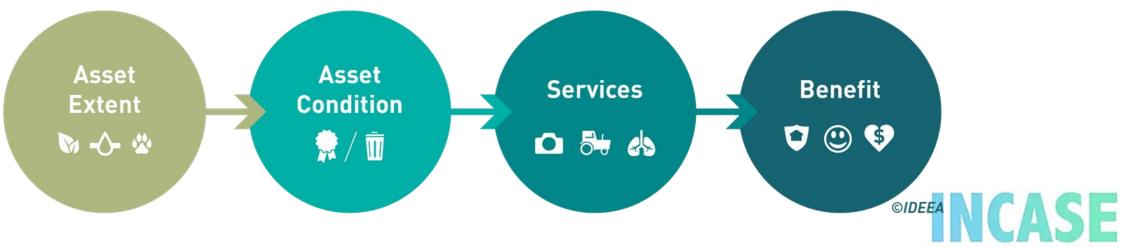


Three Questions

Where are people?

Logic chains: grazed biomass Policy linkages: CAP Policy and national level rules

Ecosystem type/s	Factors deter	mining supply	Factors determining use	Ecosystem Ser	vice	Benefit	Main users and beneficiaries		
	Ecological	Societal		Description	Potential physical metric/s for ES				
Grasslands	Type and condition of vegetation; soil type; elevation; weather	Ecosystem management (fertiliser application; stocking density)	Landowners occupation and preferences; market price; subsidies	Biomass for Reared animals and their Outputs	Gross tonnes of grazed biomass	Livestock and livestock products (e.g., meat, milk, eggs, wool) (SNA benefits)	Agricultural producers, including household and subsistence production		



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SUPPLY ACCOUNT: WHAT ECOSYSTEM SUPPLIES WHAT SERVICE?

																				g classi	ficatio	n (COR	INE /	othe											
			Selected economic units				 	╡╞						Terrestrial				-				Saline		Fr	eshy	vater	Ge	eosys	tem	ets					
			S	Selected	indus	tries						dland: Forest		Pe	atlar	nds	Hea	athlar		Grass- land	Crop- land	Urbar Bu			Coa	stal			Wet- lands				1 assets stem ass	ices	
			Agriculture, forestry and fishing Building and construction	Manufacturing industries Commerce and trade	Transport and communications	Public administration Professional services	Households		Imports - products	<u>></u>	Woodlands	Forests	Linear woodlands and scattered trees	Raised bogs	Mountain blanket bogs	Lowland blanket bogs Degraded bogs	Wet heathlands	Dry heathands	Bracken	Improved grassland Semi-natural grassland	Cropland		Urban green space Amenity and sports facilities	Sand dune complexs	Saltmarsh complexes	beacnes (sand, sningle, tidai mudflats)	Sea clifts FW Rivers	FW Lakes	FW Wetlands and swamps	Groundwater aquifers	Geo landscape forms	Subsoils Mineral aggregates	Total Supply resident ecosystem assets Supply from non-resident ecosystem assets	Total Supply ecosystem services	τοτάι ςμρριν
		Units of								1																									
Supply		Measure (e.g)																																	
Selected ecosystem service	s (reference list)																																		
Provisioning services	. ,																																		
		Tonnes dry																																	
Biomass provisioning	Crops	matter (tdm)																			х														
	Grazed biomass	tdm)	x >	(x	x	x	(x)	хх															
	Timber	tdm										х					~	~		~ ~															
	Peat	tdm														Х																			
Water supply		m3																									х	х		х					
Other provisioning serv	ices																																		
Regulating and maintenand																																			
Global climate regulation		Tonnes CO2									х (X)	х	хх	x >	(X)	x	х		х					х				х						
Water purification serv		N/P loads									x (х						((X)	(X) X	х		х		х	х	х			х			
Water flow regulation s											•	•				• • •			•		• •	.,													
Nursery population & I services		Species types/no.									x	x	х	хх	x >	< x	х	х	x	хх	х)	x	x	x	x	k x	х	х						
Other regulating and m	aintenance services																																		
Cultural services																																			
Recreation-related serv	vices	No. visits									x	х	х)	x	х	х	х)	κх	х		x	κх	х			х				
		Area																																	
Eco/Geosystem and sp	ecies appreciation	conserved;																																	
services		species a/c									x	х	х	хх	x >	ĸх	х	х	x	хх	х			х	х	x	κх	х	х		х				
Other cultural services																																			

FIGILE USE ACCOUNT: work in progress!

	ed consistent unting for ser good as the	A - Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	B,C - Mining and manufacturin g	D - E		F-H - Construction, wholesale and transportation		Other Sectors	Households	Government	Exports		
		01 Crop and animal production, nunting and elated service activities)2 Forestry and logging	03 Fishing and aquaculture									
Provisioning	Crop provisioning services (tonnes DM)	xxxx											
	Fodder (tonnes DM)	XXXX											
	Timber (m3)		XXXX	x		<u> </u>	!					!	
	Water (Quantity) (m3)	хххх				xxxx	xxxx		хххх	x	xxxx		
Provisioning (abiotic)	Peat Turf (tonnes DM)										xxxx		
	Peat Milled (tonnes DM)				xxxx								1
Regulation & Maintenance	Carbon sequestration (tonnes CO2 equiv)											xxxx	
	Flood regulation				'	<u>ا</u> ا	<u> </u>					Х	
	Water (purification)	 	 	XXXX	 '	 '	Х	_	Х	<u> </u>	Х	 '	I
Cultural	Recreation (Trips)					<u> </u>	<u> </u>		х		Х	<u> </u>	
	Ecosystem appreciation (ha conserved)											XXXX	

Catchment level accounts: insights from applications

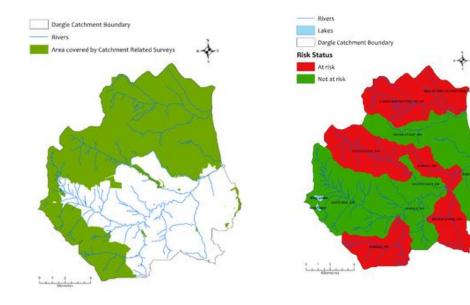
- Extent: need higher resolution data
- **Condition**: limited, needs a bottom up and top down approach for local and national accounting
- Services: data gathered at electoral division or national level; a data jigsaw with lots of missing pieces
- Benefits: line up with policy; what benefits do we want to / need to favour?
- Stakeholder engagement: the gel that holds NCA together and brings it to its full potential

Language matters – learning collectively







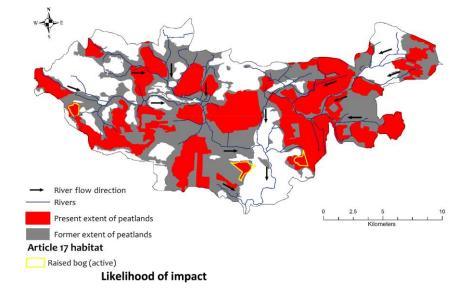


Coverage of habitat surveys (58%) available for the Dargle accounting area. Characterisation of At Risk sub-basins in the Dargle.

https://oneecosystem.pensoft.net/article/65582/

1. How to develop
extent and
condition
accounts?

2. Applications: a riskregister for loss of services/ flows based on condition/ trends and future use



Level of impact	Low	Medium	High
Low	No discernible change	Reduced flow	Reduced flow
Medium	Reduced flow	Reduced flow	Significant decline/loss of flow
High	Significant decline/loss	Significant decline/loss	Significant decline/loss
	of flow	of flow	of flow

Risk register scoring matrix following from Mace et al. (2015). The colour coding is outlined as follows: green: no/minimal discernible change in flows; amber: reduced flows; red: significant decline in flows.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/rec.13632

Policy linkages: Climate, Water and Biodiversity

- Climate regulation and Land use (future proofing)
- National policy issue: Acceleration of the National Response to Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Climate Mitigation and Adaptation; Changes in Land Use and Land Cover; Common Agricultural Policy (75% Ireland agri)
- Integrated Catchment Management and WFD reporting;
- National (EU) policy issue: Restore and Protect Water Quality
- Biodiversity building healthy, resilient ecosystems
- National policy issue: Nature and Wild Places
- EU: Restoration targets under EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030



Data challenges - Agencies



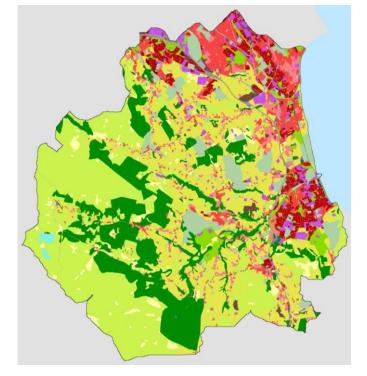
Process steps

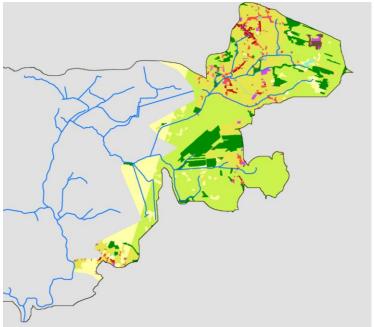
1. Finding the Data





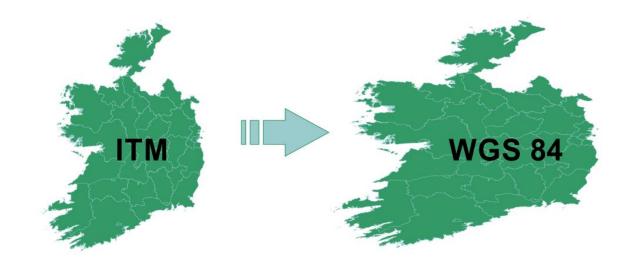
Finding the Data
 Coverage



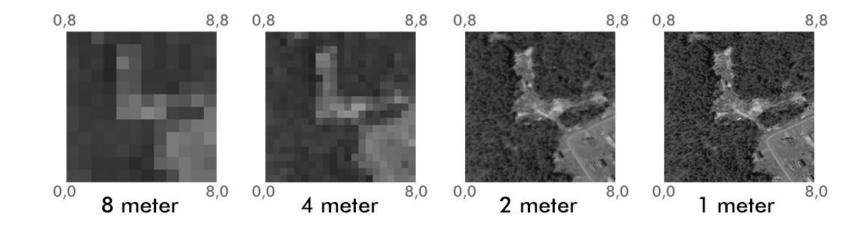




Aligning data



- 1. Finding the Data
- 2. Coverage
- 3. Resolution and Coordinates





2. Coverage

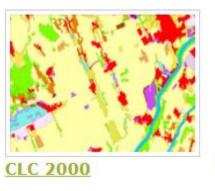
4. Time Series

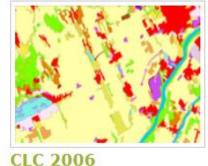
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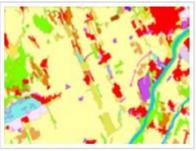
3.

Finding the Data

Resolution and Coordinates







CLC 2012

STATUS 2007-2009

O WFD Status Geodatabase (All Waterbodies) 2007-2009 - January 2017

O WFD Status (GIS) (All Waterbodies) 2007-2009 - January 2017

STATUS 2010-2012

O WFD Status Geodatabase (All Waterbodies) 2010-2012 - January 2017

O WFD Status (GIS) (All Waterbodies) 2010-2012 - January 2017

STATUS 2010-2015

O WFD Status Geodatabase (All Waterbodies) 2010-2015 - May 2017

O WFD Status (GIS) (All Waterbodies) 2010-2015 - May 2017

STATUS 2013-2018

O WFD Status Geodatabase (All Waterbodies) 2013-2018 - November 2019

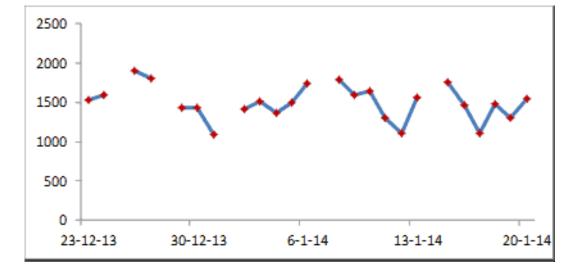
Article 17 GIS and Metadata Downloads

The spatial data for the second and third 6-yearly Article 17 reports, in 2012 and 2019 are available here.

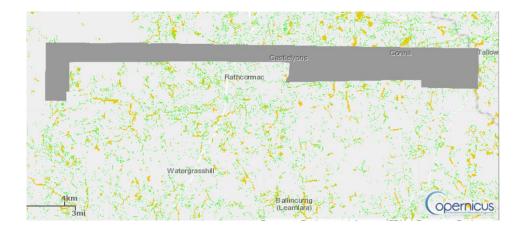


- Spatial data for 2019
- Spatial data for 2012

- 1. Finding the Data
- 2. Coverage
- 3. Resolution and Coordinates
- 4. Time Series
- 5. Data Gaps

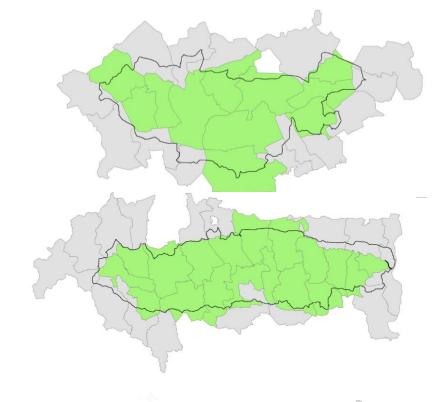


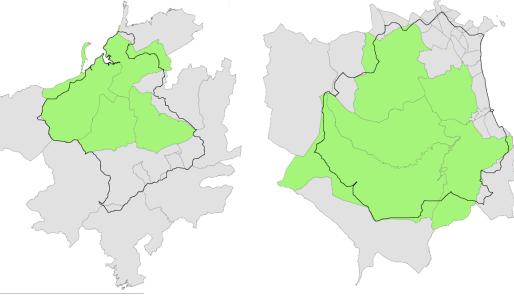




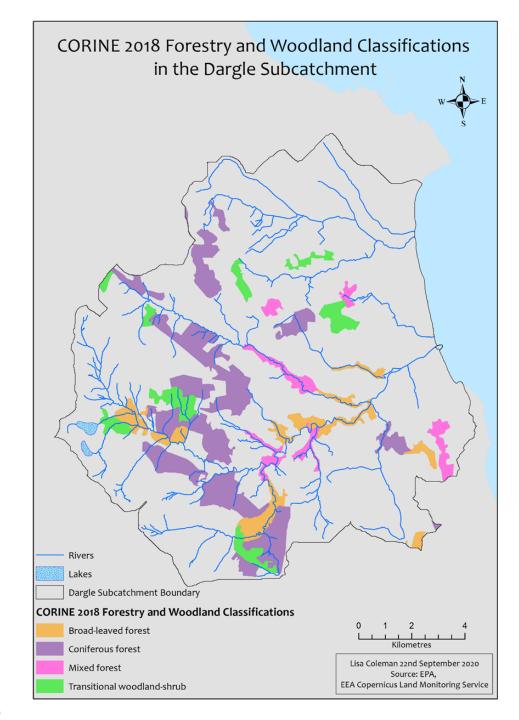


- 1. Finding the Data
- 2. Coverage
- 3. Resolution and Coordinates
- 4. Time Series
- 5. Data Gaps
- 6. Catchments

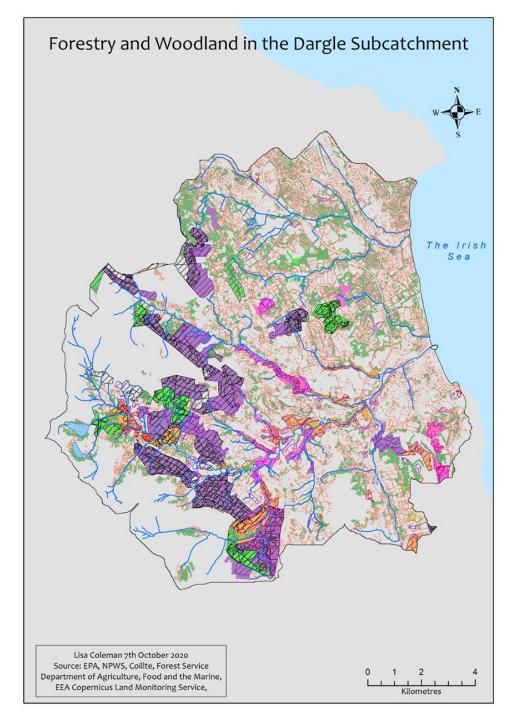








Irish Natural Ca



Data4Nature Workshop and Report

- Held 11th May 2021, with over 100 attendees and 13 expert presentations
- This event was funded under the Open Data Engagement Fund of the Department of Public Expenditure and Reference with additional funding from the Office of Public Works.

Themes

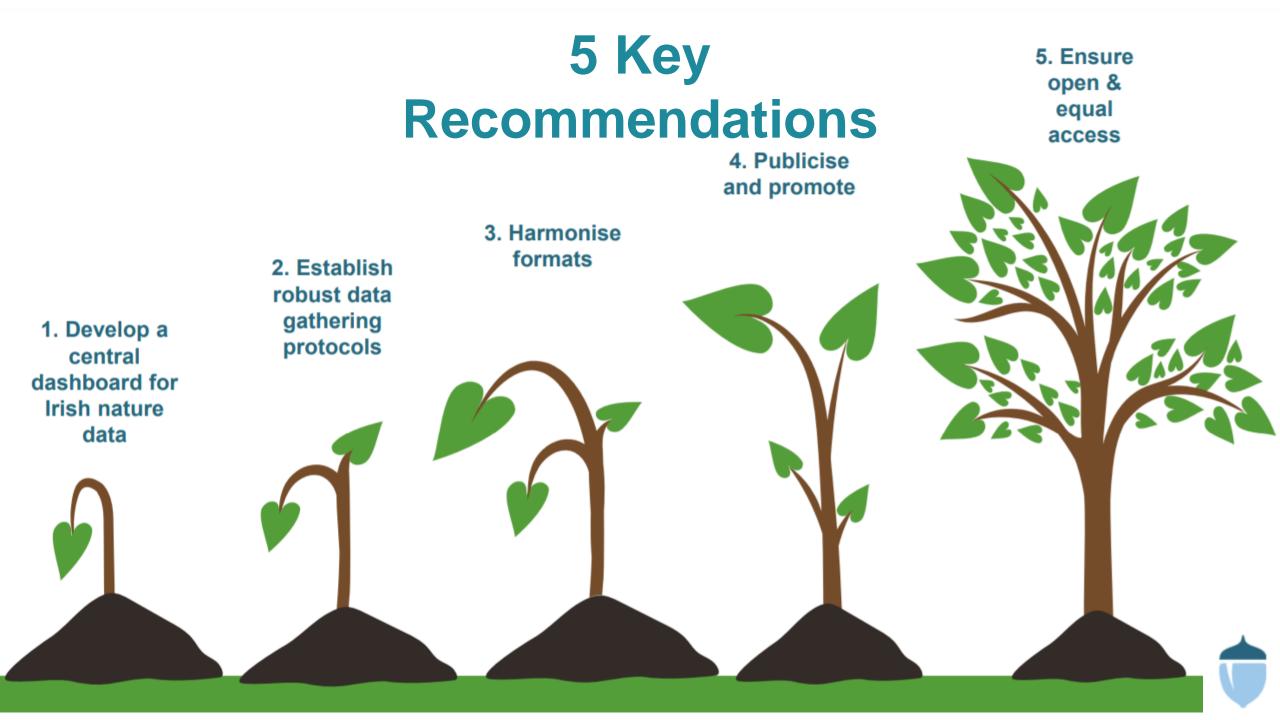




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INCASE

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INCASE Website: <u>https://www.incaseproject.com/</u> INCASE Twitter: @IncaseProject Natural Capital Ireland Website: <u>https://www.naturalcapitalireland.com/</u> Natural Capital Ireland Twitter: @NatCap_Irl Data4Nature Report and Workshop Recordings: <u>https://www.naturalcapitalireland.com/data4nature</u>

- Read more about our work on INCASE in our papers: <u>https://oneecosystem.pensoft.net/article/65582/</u>
- <u>https://oneecosystem.pensoft.net/article/76838/</u>
 <u>https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/rec.13632</u>